

# 602 Carteret St.

University of South Carolina, Beaufort Beaufort, SC

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E2.1 SECOND FLOOR ELECTRICAL PLAN

General Information

### Symbols and Abbreviations FLOOR **ABOVE** FFL FINISHED FLOOR SECTION CUT OR ELEVATION **SQUARE** ABOVE SUBFLOOR CONC CONCRETE A3.1 SHEET NUMBER FEET **DEGREES** EXT **EXTERIOR INCHES GYPSUM** INTERIOR INTERIOR ELEVATION KEY HORIZ HANDICAP SHEET HORIZONTAL DBL. DOUBLE **VERT** VERTICAL **HOSE BIBB** A3.1 SHEET NUMBER REM. MAXIMUM CONSTRUCTION REMOVE DIAMETER MINIMUM RISER DIA A3.1 SHEET NUMBER **TREAD** CONTINUOUS ON CENTER CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT T&G PRESSURE TREATED TONGUE & GROVE POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH **PAINTED** NORM. NORMAL WINDOW TYPE POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT REQUIRED ADJUSTABLE DOOR IDENTIFICATION FACE OF STUD TYPICAL OPTIONAL **FINISHED** FOB FACE OF BLOCK NOT IN CONTRACT ROOM/SPACE IDENTIFICATION 16" W.O. TREE TO BE REMOVED HINGE SIDE LOCK SIDE TYPICAL DOOR AND WINDOW SWING

602 Carter

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DATE NOTES

1-11-13
7-1-13
7-23-13

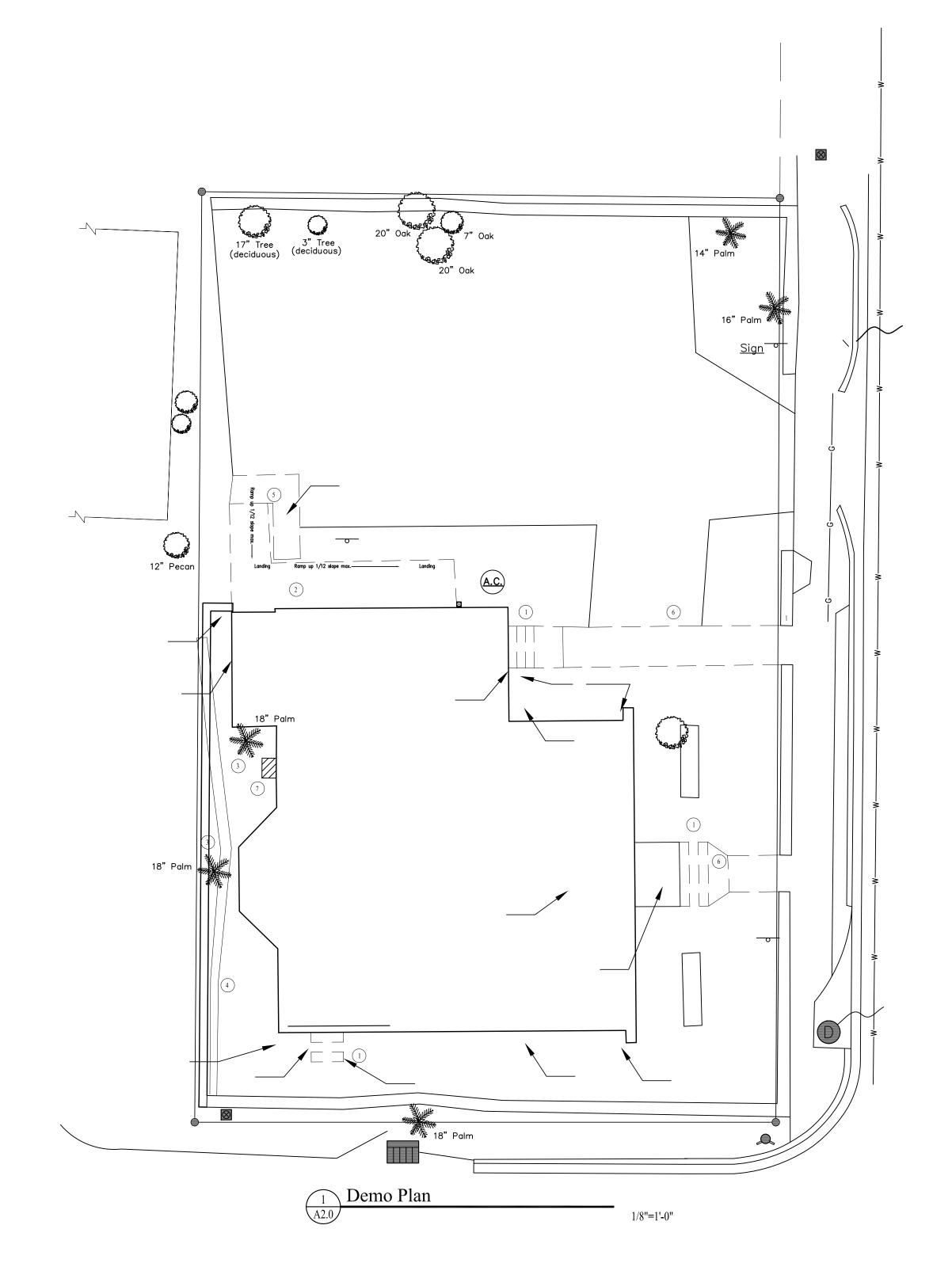
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T1.0

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## DEMO SCHEDULE (X)

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	DEMO Existing Concrete Stairs and any Foundation found.
2	DEMO Existing Wood Ramp, posts and any Foundation found.
3	REMOVE Existing Palm Tree, include rootball and stump.
4	DEMO Existing Wood Curbstops
5	DEMO Existing Concrete Walk
6	DEMO Existing Concrete Walk, saw cut and remove part as indicated.
7	DEMO Existing Chimney



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architecture

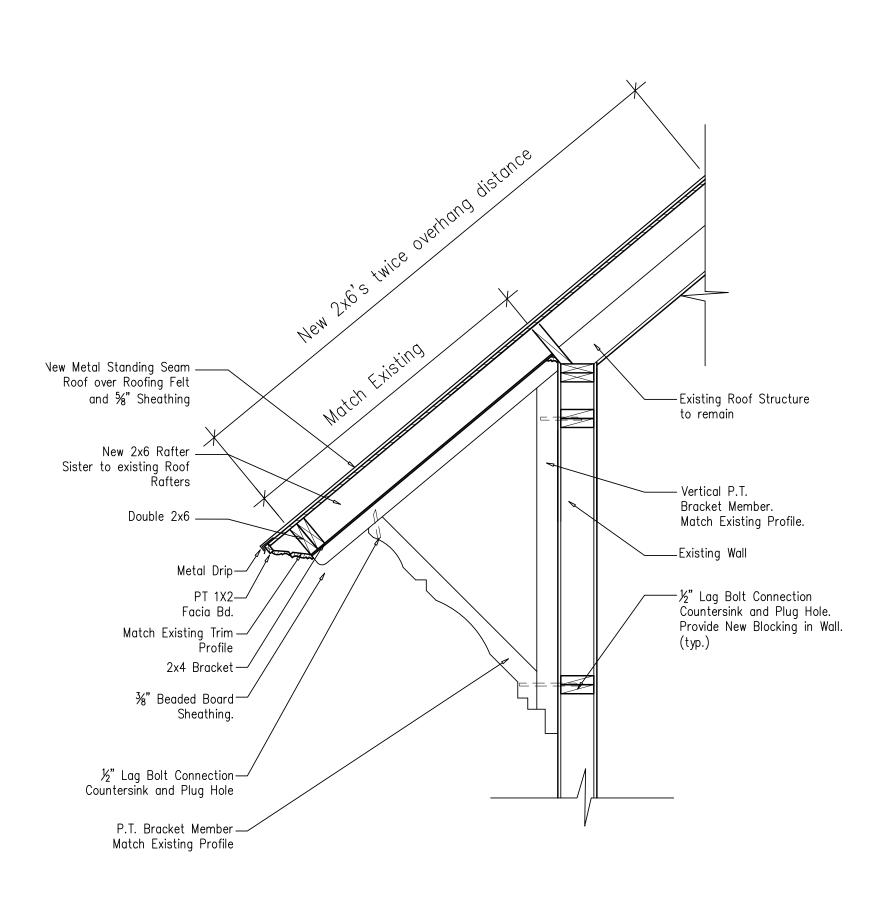
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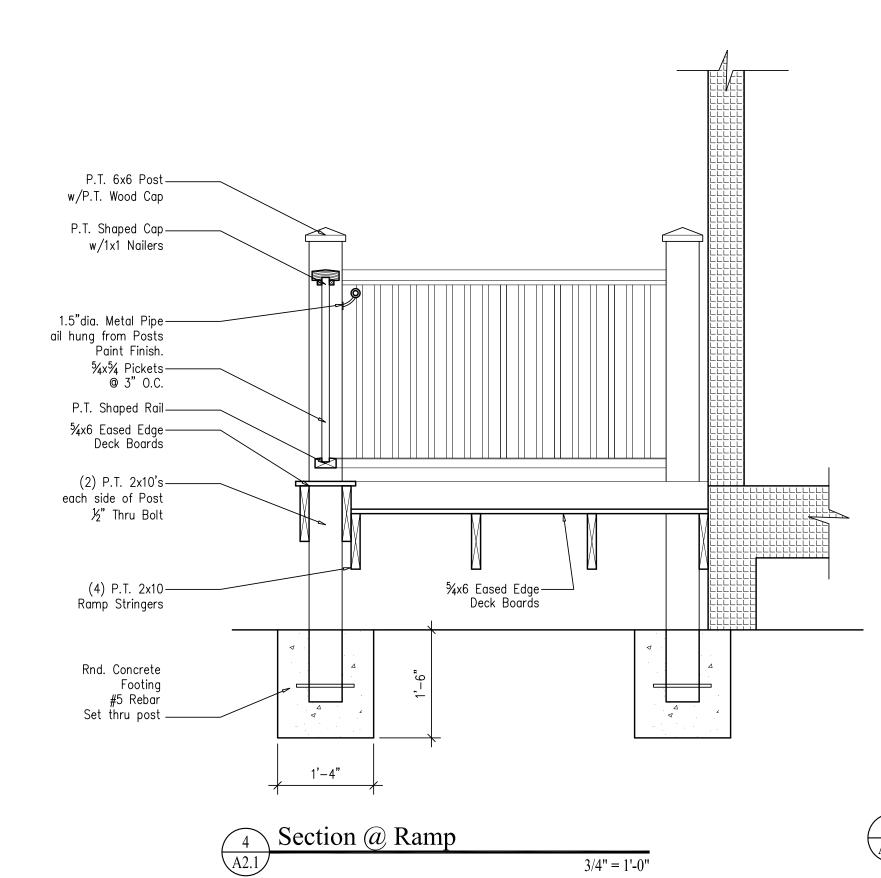
DATE NOTES

3-3-13 Review
4-8-13 Final
7-31-13

A2.0





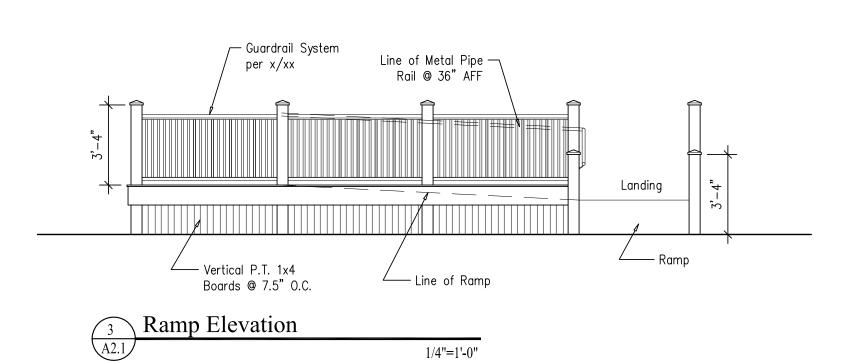


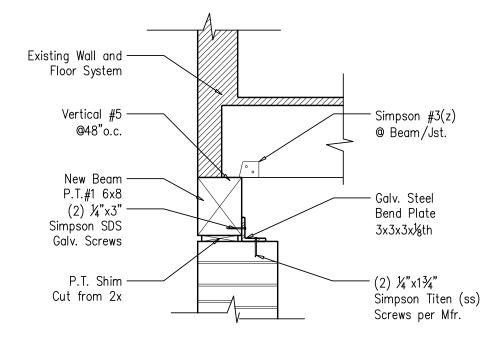
## IMPROVEMENT SCHEDULE (x)

Match Existing.

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	New Reinforced Concrete Slab for Walk and Stair. 4'-0"x5'-6"x3" With Non-slip broom finish.
2	New Stairs: (4)PT 2x12 Stringers spaced equally. $\frac{5}{4}$ x6 Butt Board Treads, 2x Riser for Paint Fin
3	New Reinforced Concrete Slab for Walk and Stair. 3'-4"x7'-2"x3" With Non-slip broom finish.
4	New Stairs: (5)PT 2x12 Stringers spaced equally. 5/4x6 Butt Board Treads, 2x Riser for Paint Fin
5	New Door Canopy: To match Existing Door Canopy over N.E. Corner Door. See Also xxx
6	Relocated Existing Sign
7	New Handi—cap Ramp: PT 6x6 Supports, ¾x6 Decking. See Also Detail 4/A2.1
8	New Reinforced Concrete Slab: 5'-6"x6'-6"x3". With Non-slip Broom Finish.
9	New Half Round Gutter: Factor White Finish, 5", Circle Hanger @ 36" O.C.
10	New Downspout: Round Profile, Factory White Finish, Connect to Drainage system per Civil Design
11	New Metal Roof: Standing Seam Roof per specs.
12	New Roof Ridge Vent:
13	Belfry Flashing: Provide New Metal Flashing at three sides of Belfry, under siding / trim.
14	Structural Girder: Replace Rotten Girder.
15	Level Structure: Jack, Level, Shim Floor System in S.W. Corner of Building.
	Masonry Piers: Clean, Repoint Masonry Piers.
	Exterior Trim: Repair or Replace Rotten Trim or Damaged Trim. Provide Allowance of \$10,000 for Material. Material to be P.T. SYP or Cyprus and to match existing profiles as directed by Archite via Field Meetings.

Exterior Doors and Windows: Repair, Sand and Repaint/Recaulk Existing Doors and Windows.





6 New Beam Detail 1" = 1'-0" STRUCTURAL DEMOLITION NOTES

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN OSHA AND SAFETY REGULATIONS DURING ALL WORK.

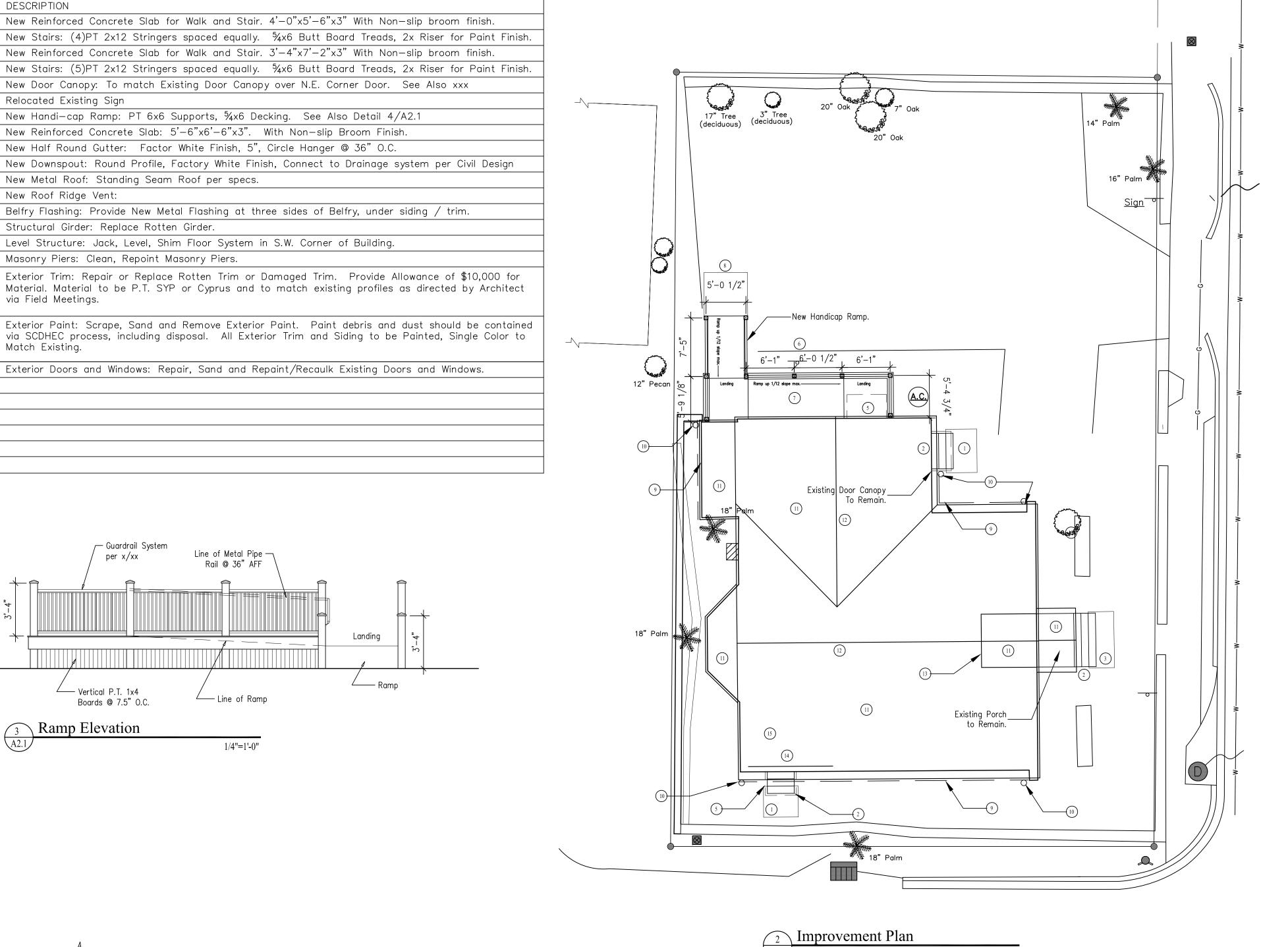
TEMPORARY BRACING, SHORING, OR SUPPORTING OF THE STRUCTURE WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN STABILITY PRIOR TO COMPLETION SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. PROTECTION OF ANY ADJACENT STRUCTURE FROM THE EFFECTS OF CONSTRUCTION OF THIS BUILDING SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR WHILE THE PROJECT IS UNDERWAY. CONTRACTOR SHOP DRAWINGS ARE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REVIEW AND STAMP THE SAID DRAWINGS 'APPROVED' BEFORE SUBMITTING TO THE ENGINEER FOR REVIEW.

ANY DISCREPANCIES, INTERFERENCES, OR CONFLICTS THAT ARE FOUND AS A RESULT SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER.

ALL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL SITE CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE PRIOR TO STARTING WORK, AND SHALL NOTIFY THE VA IMMEDIATELY OF ANY DISCREPANCIES.

MONITOR THE BUILDING DURING CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING THE EXTERIOR WALLS, FOR CHANGES IN ALIGNMENT DUE TO THE WORK.



1/8"=1'-0" Reinforced Concrete Vertical #5 Portland Cement — Finish to Match Existing Low Wall

Cont. #5 Bar -Top and Bot. w/3" min. Cover

Low Wall Detail

A2.1 1" = 1'-0"

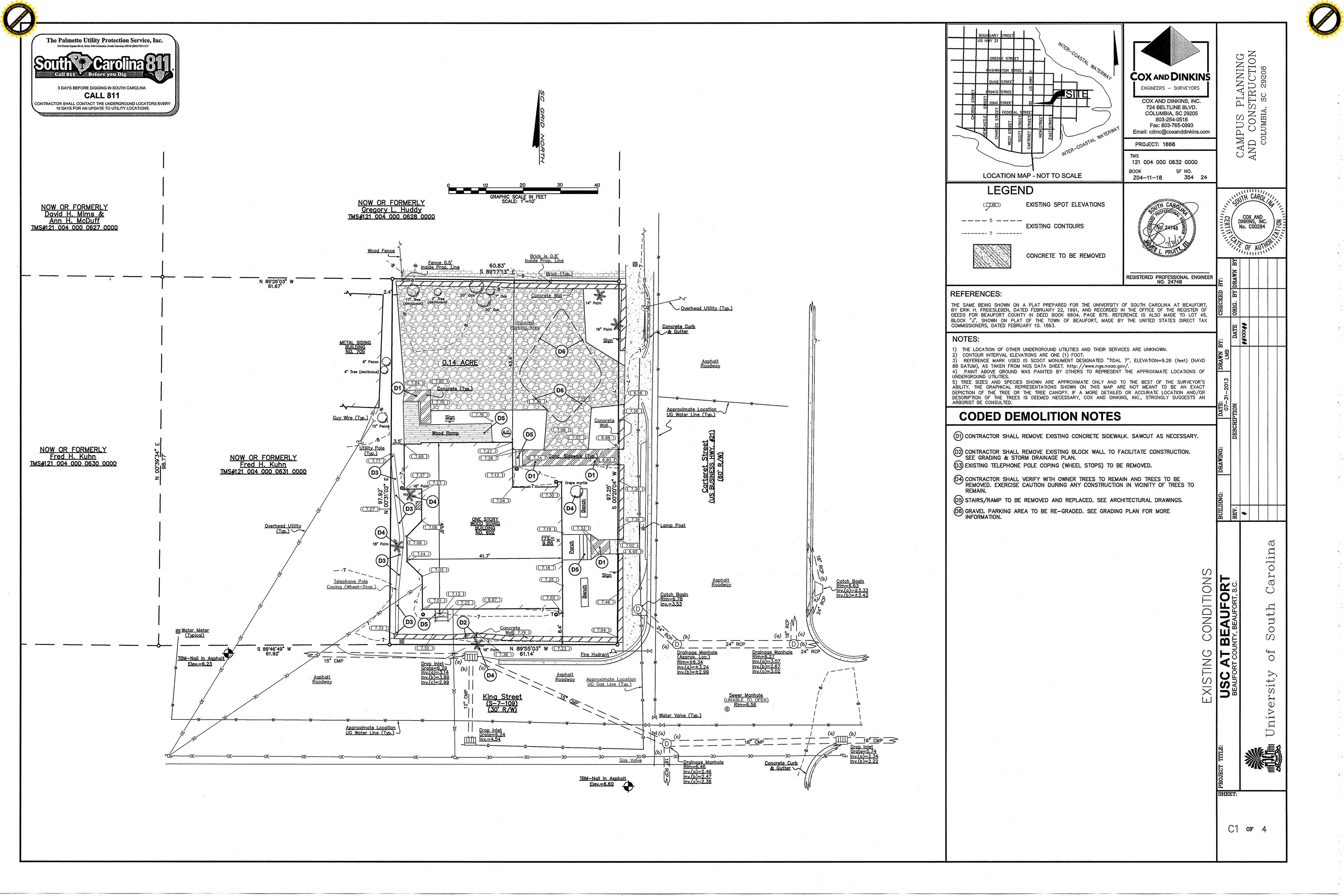
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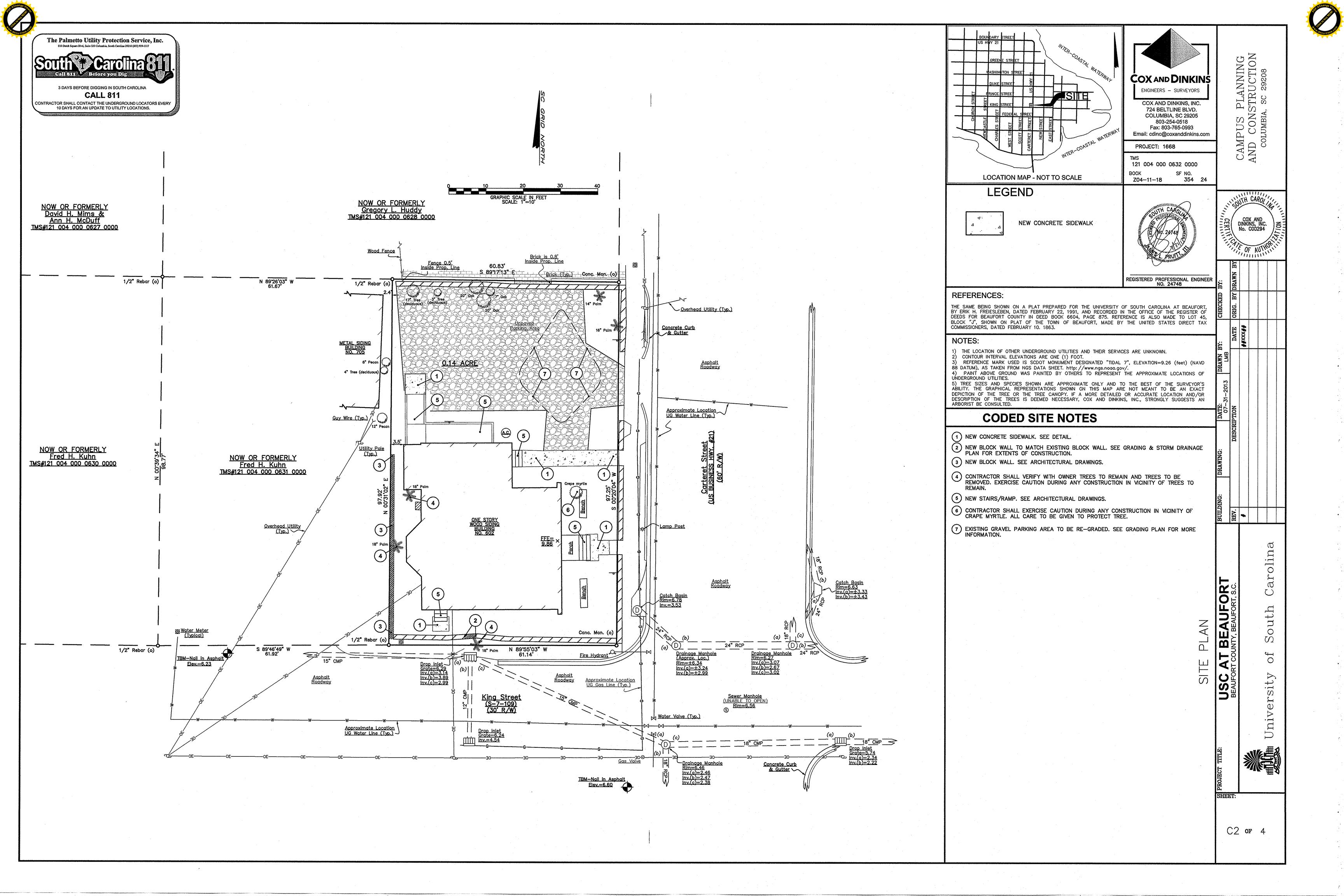
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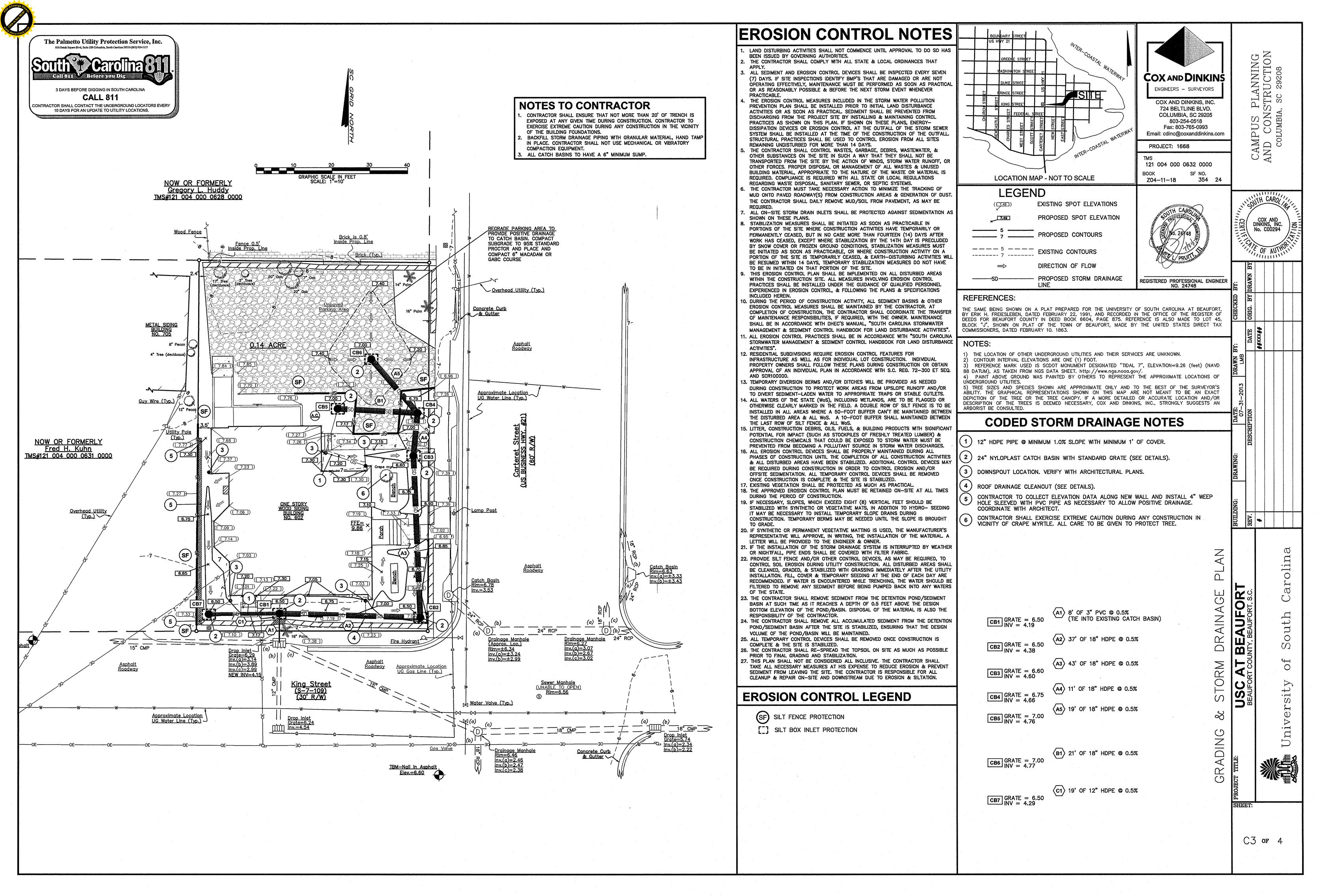
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19 Review Set Final Set

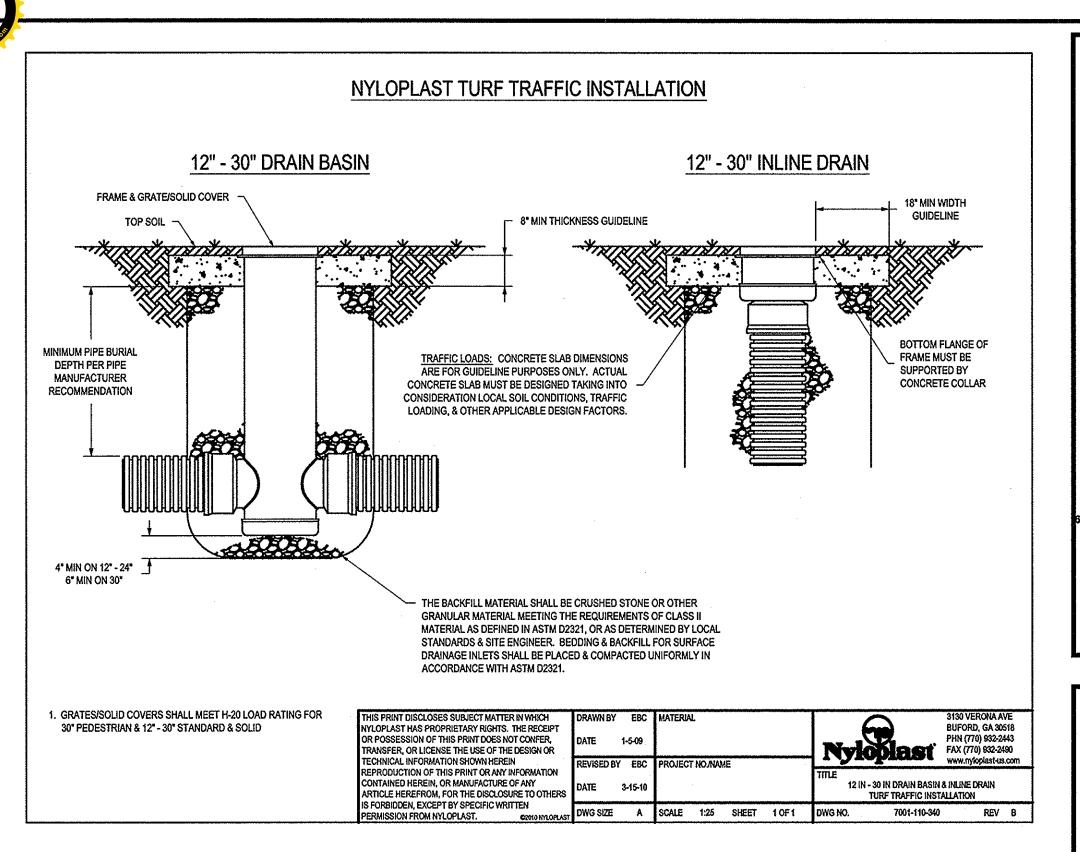
DATE NOTES 3-3-13 4-8-13 7-31-13

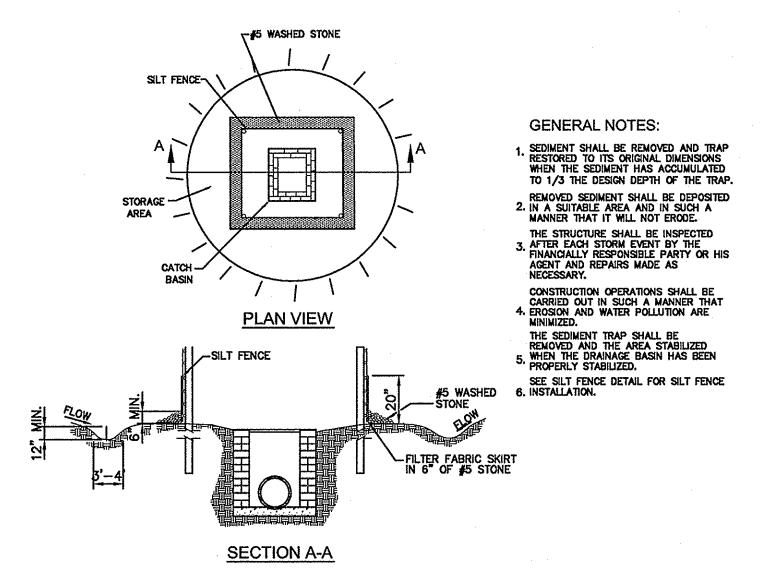




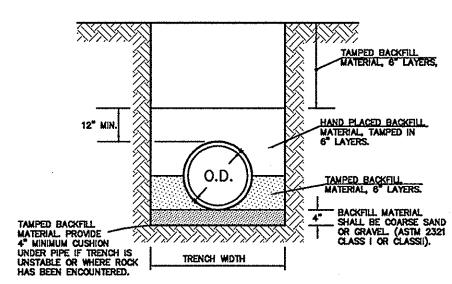


Extraction Contraction





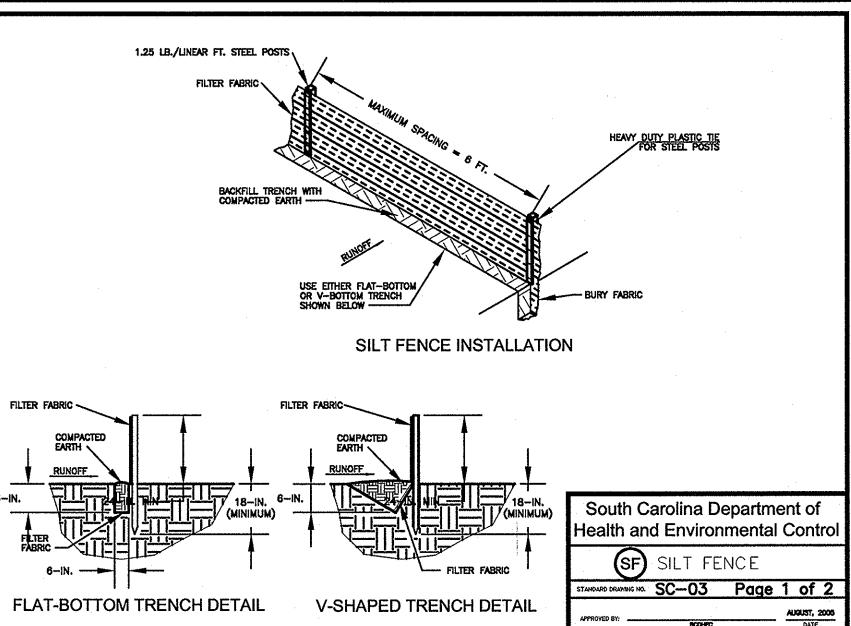




THE PIPE IS TO BE BEDDED IN COMPACTED 6" LAYERS TO THE SPRING LINE FIRST, THEN BACKFILLED WITH HAND PLACED MATERIAL COMPACTED IN 6" LAYERS TO A DEPTH OF 12" MINIMUM ABOVE THE PIPE.

**PVC PIPE BEDDING** AND BACKFILLING DETAIL

NTS



SILT FENCE DETAIL

### When and Where to Use It ilt fence is applicable in areas:

fence is 100-feet. Where the maximum slope steepness (normal [perpendicular] fence line) is 2H:1V.

Use 48-inch long steel posts that meet the following minimum Composed of high strength steel with minimum yield strengtl 50,000 psi.

Have a standard "T" section with a nominal face width of 1.38-inches and nominal "T" length of 1.48-inches. Weigh 1.25 pounds per foot (± 8%). Have a soil stabilization plate with a minimum cross section area of 17-square inches attached to the steel posts. Painted with a water based baked enamel paint.

Use steel posts with a minimum length of 4—feet, weighing 1.25 pounds per linear foot ( $\pm$  8%) with projections to aid in astening the fabric. Except when heavy clay soils are presen on site, steel posts will have a metal soil stabilization plate welded near the bottom such that when the post is driven to the proper depth, the plate will be below the ground level for added stability. The soil plates should have the following characteristics:

Be composed of minimum 15 gauge steel. Have a minimum cross section area of 17—square inches.

### Geotextile Filter Fabric Filter fabric is:

Composed of fibers consisting of long chain synthetic polymers composed of at least 85% by weight of polyolefins, polyesters, or polyamides. Formed into a network such that the filaments or yarns retain dimensional stability relative to each other. Free of any treatment or coating which might adversely alter its physical properties after installation. Free of defects or flaws that significantly affect its physical and/or filtering properties. Cut to a minimum width of 36 inches.

Use only fabric appearing on SCDOT Approval Sheet #34 meeting the requirements of the most current edition of the SCDOT Standard Specifications for Highway Construction.

Excavate a trench approximately 6-inches wide and 6-inches deep when placing fabric by hand. Place 12-inches of geotextile fabric into the 6-inch deep trench, extending the remaining 6-inches towards the upslope side of the trench. Backfill the trench with soil or gravel and compact. Bury 12-inches of fabric into the ground when pneumatically installing silt fence with a slicing method. Purchase fabric in continuous rolls and cut to the length of the barrier to avoid joints. When joints are necessary, wrapped the fabric together at a support post with both ends fastened to the post, with a 6—inch minimum overlap install posts to a minimum depth of 18—inches. Install posts a minimum of 1— to 2— inches above the fabric, with no more than 3—feet of the post above the ground. Space posts to maximum 6—feet centers. Attach fabric to the steel posts using heavy-duty plastic ties that are evenly spaced and placed in a manner to prevent sagging or tearing of the fabric. In all cases, ties should be affixed in no less than 4 places. Install the fabric a minimum of 24-inches above the ground. When ecessary, the height of the fence above ground may be greater than 24—inches. In tidal areas, extra silt fence height may be required. The post height will be twice the exposed post height. Post spacing will remain the same and extra height fabric will be 4-, 5-, or 6-feet tail. Locate silt fence checks every 100 feet naximum and at low points. Install the fence perpendicular to the direction of flow and place the fence the proper distance

access for maintenance and cleanout.

Inspect every seven calendar days and within 24-hours after each rainfall event that produces 1/2-inches or more of precipitation. Check for sediment buildup and fence integrity. Check where runoff has eroded a channel beneath the fence, or where the fence has sagged or collapsed by fence overtopping. If the fence fabric tears, begins to decompose, or in any way becomes ineffective, replace the section of fence immediately. Remove sediment accumulated along the fence when it reaches 1/3 the height of the fence, especially if heavy rains are expected. Remove trapped sediment from the site or stabilize it on site. Remove silt fence within 30 days after final stabilization is achieved or after temporary best management practices (BMPs) are no longer needed. Permanently stabilize disturbed areas resulting from fence removal.

from the toe of steep slopes to provide sediment storage and

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SF) SILT FENCE NOARD DRAWING NO.SC-03 Page 2 of 2

### **SEEDING SCHEDULE**

FROM MAY 1 - AUGUST 31

2 pounds Annual Rye Grass 5 pound Hulled Bermuda 6 pounds Unhulled Bermuda 6 pounds 10-10-10 Fertilizer 6 pounds Limestone pound Browntopmillet pounds Hulled Bermuda pounds 10-10-10 Fertilizer pounds Limestone pound Browntopmillet pound Hulled Bermuda pounds Bahia Grass pounds 10-10-10 Fertilizer pounds Annual Rye Grass pound Hulled Bermuda pound Unhulled Bermuda pounds Bahia Grass pounds 10—10—10 Fertilizer Limestone pounds Limestone (Deep Sandy Soils) pounds Browntopmillet pounds Bahia Grass pounds 10-10-10 Fertilizer pounds Limestone pound Annual Rye Grass pounds Fescue Grass pounds 10—10—10 Fertilizer pounds Limestone

FROM SEPTEMBER 1 - APRIL 30

pound Unhulled Bermuda

pounds Rye Grass or Grain Rye pounds Bahia Grass pounds 10-10-10 Fertilizer

\* Bahla Grass is a good erosion control grass; however, it produces many seed heads (Deep Sandy Soils) which scatter to other greas. Bahia Grass is hard to mow, but it does not require the care that other grasses require.

Around office buildings and within subdivisions, use 4 to 6 cunces of Centipede Grass in lieu of Bahia Grass or in combination with

\*\* For soils with clay subsoil. Do not plant in sandy solls.

1. On all vegetated swales or ditches with side slopes (cut or fill) steeper than 2:1, add 4 to 6 ounces per 1,000 square feet of Weeping Love Grass seed to any of the above mixtures. 2. Swale and ditch bottoms should be double seeded. 3. All slopes steeper than 2:1 shall be hydroseeded. 4. Growth of Rye Grass in early spring must be suppressed to prevent Rye from choking out permanent grass such as Bermuda, Bahia or Fescue.

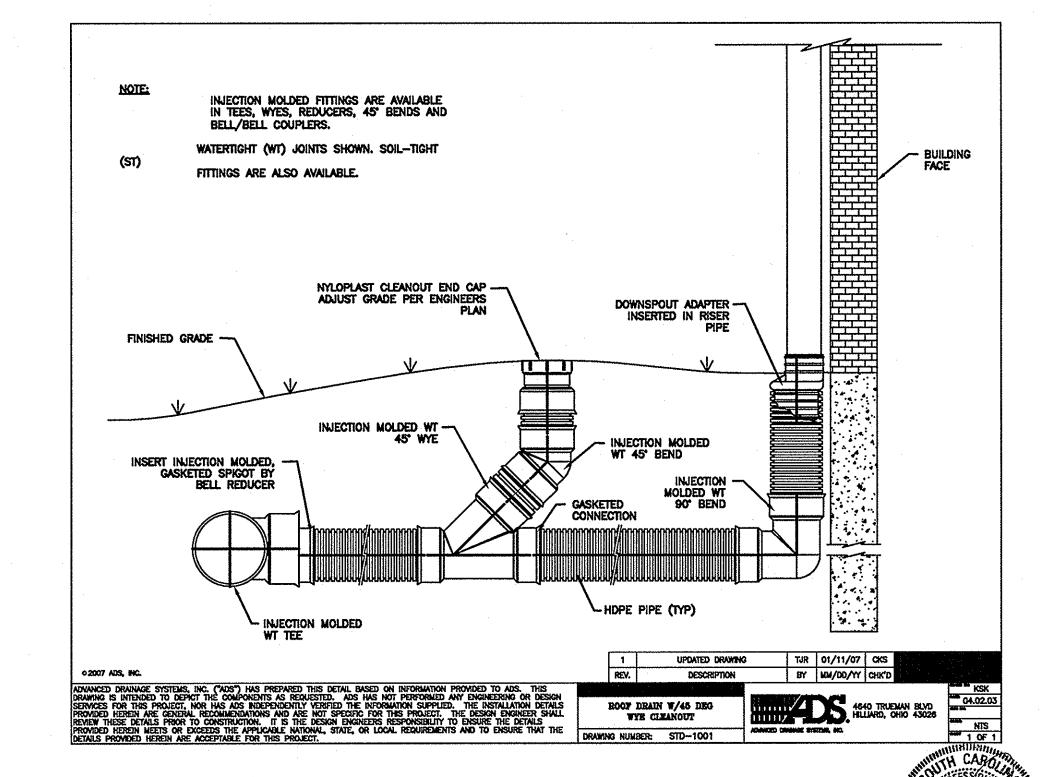
## TEMPORARY SEEDBED **PREPARATION**

## 1. SURFACE WATER CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO PLAN

- 2. AREA TO BE SEEDED SHALL BE RIPPED AND SPREAD WITH AVAILABLE TOP SOIL 3" DEEP. TOTAL SEEDBED PREPARED DEPTH SHALL BE 4" TO 5" DEEP.
- 3. LOOSE ROCKS, ROOTS AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SURFACE SO THAT THEY WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF VEGETATION, SURFACE FOR FINAL SEEDBED PREPARATION, AT

FINISH GRADES SHOWN, SHALL BE REASONABLY SMOOTH AND UNIFORM.

- 4. IF NO SOIL TEST IS TAKEN, FERTILIZER AND LIME TO BE ACCORDING TO SEEDING SCHEDULE, IN ADDITION, PROVIDE 15 LBS./100 SF OF
- SUPERPHOSPHATE. 5. IF SOIL TEST IS TAKEN, PROVIDE LIME AND FERTILIZER ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST REPORT.
- 6. LIME AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY AND MIXED WITH THE SOIL DURING SEEDBED PREPARATION.
- 7. MULCH TO BE TACKED OR MECHANICALLY TIED DOWN WITHIN TWO DAYS AFTER MULCH IS SPREAD.



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